

2020 年北京市中考英语考试逐题解析

一、单项填空。(共 6 分, 每小题 0.5 分)

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. Mr. Jackson is a popular writer, and we all like reading _____ books.

- A. his B. her C. their D. your

【答案】 A

【解析】 本题考查物主代词。根据题干“Mr. Jackson is a popular writer”及“and we all like reading _____ books.”可知需要填形容词性物主代词: “他的”。选项 A 为“他的”; 选项 B 为“她的”; 选项 C 为“他们的”; 选项 D 为“你的; 你们的”。故正确答案为选项 A。

2. Usually I make breakfast for my family _____ Saturdays.

- A. at B. in C. on D. to

【答案】 C

【解析】 本题考查介词。根据关键词“_____ Saturdays.”可译为“在周六”。选项 A 为“在……(点钟)”; 选项 B 为“在……(年、月、季节等)”; 选项 C 为“在……(某天)”; 选项 D 为“去、到”。故正确答案为选项 C。

3. Wash your hands before meals, _____ you may get ill.

- A. and B. but C. or D. so

【答案】 C

【解析】 本题考查连词。根据句意“吃饭之前要洗手, _____ 你会得病。”可知应填“否则”。选项 A 为“并且”; 选项 B 为“但是”; 选项 C 为“否则”; 选项 D 为“所以”。故正确答案为选项 C。

4. - _____ you give me a hand? I can't move the box by myself.

- No problem.

A. Could B. Should C. Must D. Need

【答案】 A

【解析】 本题考查情态动词。根据答句“没问题”，可知问句意为“你能帮我一把吗？”表示委婉请求。选项 A 为“能够（表委婉请求）”；选项 B 为“应该”；选项 C 为“必须”；选项 D 为“需要”。故正确答案为选项 A。

5. - _____ do you visit your grandparents, Tom?

- Twice a month.

A. How much B. How often
C. How long D. How soon

【答案】 B

【解析】 本题考查特殊疑问词。根据答句“一个月两次”可知问句是问频率。选项 A 为“多少（钱）”；选项 B 为“多久一次”；选项 C 为“多长；多长时间”；选项 D 为“多久之后”。故正确答案为选项 B。

6. Zhaozhou Bridge is one of _____ stone bridges in the world.

A. old B. older C. oldest D. the oldest

【答案】 D

【解析】 本题考查形容词。根据题干中的“one of _____ stone bridges in the world”，可知考查最高级。选项 A 为形容词原级；选项 B 为形容词比较级；选项 C 为缺少 the 的最高级形式；选项 D 为 the+形容词最高级。故正确答案为选项 D。

7. If you take this train, you _____ in Shanghai in five hours.

A. arrive B. will arrive C. arrived D. have arrived

【答案】 B

【解析】 本题考查时态。根据题干中的“if”可知考查条件状语从句主将从现原则，所以空格处应使用一般将来时。选项 A 为一般现在时；选项 B 为一般将来时；选项 C 为

一般过去时；选项 D 为现在完成时。故正确答案为选项 B。

8. I _____ on the computer when Frank called me last night.

- A. work B. will work
C. was working D. am working

【答案】 C

【解析】 本题考查时态。根据题干中的“when Frank called me last night”可知空格处应使用过去进行时。选项 A 为一般现在时；选项 B 为一般将来时；选项 C 为过去进行时；选项 D 为现在进行时。故正确答案为选项 C。

9. We _____ each other since I came to Beijing, but we send emails very often.

- A. don't see B. didn't see C. won't see D. haven't seen

【答案】 D

【解析】 本题考查时态。根据句中的标志词“since”可知该题应选现在完成时。选项 A 为一般现在时；选项 B 为一般过去时；选项 C 为一般将来时；选项 D 为现在完成时。故正确答案为选项 D。

10. - What's that noise, Sam?

- My little brother _____ with his toy car now.

- A. will play B. is playing C. plays D. played

【答案】 B

【解析】 本题考查时态。根据句中的标志词“now”可知该题应选现在进行时。选项 A 为一般将来时；选项 B 为现在进行时；选项 C 为一般现在时；选项 D 为一般过去时。故正确答案为选项 B。

11. The kite _____ in China more than 2,000 years ago.

- A. invents B. invented
C. is invented D. was invented

【答案】 D

【解析】 本题考查被动语态。根据题干中的主语“kite”和选项中的动词“invent”之间是被动关系，被动语态的结构为 be done (by)，排除 A 和 B；且根据“2000 years ago”可知表示过去的时间。选项 C 为一般现在时的被动语态，选项 D 为一般过去时的被动语态。故正确答案为选项 D。

12. - Do you know _____ ?

- At 9:00 tomorrow morning.

A. when the video meeting began

B. when did the video meeting begin

C. when the video meeting will begin

D. when will the video meeting begin

【答案】 C

【解析】 本题考查宾语从句。宾语从句须遵循“陈述语序”原则，因此排除选项 B 和选项 D。根据答句“At 9:00 tomorrow morning”可知时态为一般将来时，选项 A 为一般过去时；选项 C 为一般将来时。故正确答案为选项 C。

二、完形填空。(共 8 分，每小题 1 分)

阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

At the end of my first year of high school, I realized I needed to find a summer job. I was tired of having to ask my parents for _____ (13). I wanted to go to the shopping center or movies with friends without having to ask for \$20 from my parents. I imagined having a job at a store or at a summer camp where I could play games with children. But what actually happened



was _____ (14). The only job I managed to find was cleaning up tables at a local restaurant.

At first, the idea of clearing tables upset me. The thought of getting up at dawn (黎明) to go clean up after people made me _____ (15) ever asking for a job. The first day was terribly busy. I was running around, racing to get a table ready for the waiting customers. I'll never forget how _____ (16) I felt that day, but I'll also never forget sitting down for lunch with my co-workers for the first time. People my age or ten years older all sat together and talked about their days. All of a sudden I was a part of that, and it felt good to be so _____ (17).

I've now worked at the restaurant for almost one year. I've learned to be happy about getting up so early, because I know there're going to be a few good _____ (18) every day there.

From starting there as a shy student, I've been able to grow into a person that can go up and _____ (19) anyone, at work or anywhere else. I'm also not as sensitive (敏感的) as I used to be — getting an impolite customer might make me feel bad, but very soon I can laugh it off with my co-workers. The little job has given me so much, and I can't wait to go back and continue to _____ (20) from my experience.

13. A. food B. money C. attention D. advice

【答案】 B

【解析】 本题考查名词。本句译为“我厌烦了不得不去和父母要_____。”根据句意和后一句提到的“I wanted to go to the shopping center or movies with friends without having to ask for \$20 from my parents.”，可知作者不想问父母要钱。选项 A 译为“食物”；选项 B 译为“钱”；选项 C 译为“注意”；选项 D 译为“建议”。故正确答案为选项 B。

14. A. exciting B. encouraging
C. confusing D. disappointing

【答案】 D

【解析】 本题考查形容词。本句译为“但实际上发生地却是_____。”根据前句作者想象在一个商店或者夏令营找一份工作，是期待工作的，而本句的“**But**”表示情感的强转折，可知作者后面会失望。选项 A 译为“使人激动的”；选项 B 译为“受到鼓舞的”；选项 C 译为“令人困惑的”；选项 D 译为“令人失望的”。故正确答案为选项 D。

15. A. forget B. enjoy C. regret D. imagine

【答案】 C

【解析】 本题考查动词。本句译为“黎明起床去打扫客人走后的餐桌的想法，让我_____曾经想要找一份工作。”根据本段第一句“**At first, the idea of clearing tables upset me**”，打扫桌子让作者很沮丧，可知这里作者后悔想找一份工作。选项 A 译为“忘记”；选项 B 译为“喜欢，享受”；选项 C 译为“遗憾，后悔”；选项 D 译为“想象”。故正确答案为选项 C。

16. A. tired B. happy C. curious D. relaxed

【答案】 A

【解析】 本题考查形容词。本句译为“我永远都不会忘记那一天我感到多么 _____，但是我也永远不会忘记...”根据本题前两句，“**The first day was terribly busy. I was running around, racing to...**”可知作者很忙很累。选项 A 译为“疲惫的”；选项 B 译为“高兴的”；选项 C 译为“好奇的”；选项 D 译为“放松的”。故正确答案为选项 A。

17. A. loved B. missed C. needed D. included

【答案】 D

【解析】 本题考查动词被动语态。本句译为“突然间，我成为了其中的一部分，被_____的感觉太好了”。根据前文，作者与同事们坐在一起共进午餐并聊天，成为了集体的一

部分,可知作者觉得融入集体感觉很棒。选项 A 译为“爱”;选项 B 译为“想念,错过”;选项 C 译为“需要”;选项 D 译为“包括,融入”。故正确答案为 D。

18. A. dishes B. choices C. moments D. customers

【答案】 C

【解析】 本题考查名词。本句译为“我从早起中获得快乐,因为我知道在那里每天都会有一些美好的_____”。根据前文作者每天和同事共进午餐时都很开心,觉得自己是集体的一部分,可知作者认为每天都有美好的时刻。选项 A 译为“菜,碟子”;选项 B 译为“选择”;选项 C 译为“时刻”;选项 D 译为“顾客”。故正确答案为 C。

19. A. find B. greet C. push D. stop

【答案】 B

【解析】 本题考查动词。本句译为“开始时我还是一个害羞的学生,现在我已经成长为一个能随时走上去和任何人_____的人了”,根据句意作者之前是个害羞的人,可知现在应该是可以随时随地走上去和别人打招呼。选项 A 译为“发现,找到”;选项 B 译为“打招呼”;选项 C 译为“推,强迫”;选项 D 译为“停,阻止”。故正确答案为 B。

20. A. grow B. stand C. rest D. hide

【答案】 A

【解析】 本题考查动词。本句译为“这个工作带给了我很多,我等不及回去从我的经验中继续_____”。根据前文这个工作使作者成长了很多,变得不再敏感和害羞,可知作者等不及继续成长,选项 A 译为“成长”;选项 B 译为“站立,忍受”;选项 C 译为“休息”;选项 D 译为“隐藏,掩盖”。故正确答案为 A。

三、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。(共 26 分，每小题 2 分)

A

|  http://www.helpseniors.com/volunteer-to-help-the-elderly/ | |
|--|---|
| Helping Seniors (老年人) | |
|  Matt | <p><i>Posted 5/15/20 4:53 PM</i></p> <p>I created Teens Helping Seniors with my friends. The group has about 200 volunteers. The volunteers deliver food or other supplies for the elderly in town. I spend six to eight hours a week buying food and making deliveries. By now we have completed 350 deliveries.</p> |
|  Linda | <p><i>Posted 5/15/20 6:25 PM</i></p> <p>I organized Mittler Senior Technology, a program to help the elderly learn how to use computers and smartphones. Now there are 50 local seniors in the weekly technology classes. I want to make sure that the seniors could stay connected to the world.</p> |
|  Jordan | <p><i>Posted 5/16/20 5:20 PM</i></p> <p>I came up with a way to help lonely seniors with my friends. We call it the Joy 4 All Project. By dialing 569-4255, the elderly can hear pre-recorded jokes and poems. The hotline has received more than 1,800 phone calls.</p> |



Kathy

Posted 5/16/20 7:46 PM

I heard that the seniors in the nursing home couldn't see their families and friends very often, so my friends and I decided to cheer up the elderly by writing them letters. We want them to know that nobody is being forgotten. By now more than 100 students in my school have joined us.

21. Who created Teens Helping Seniors?

- A. Kathy. B. Linda. C. Jordan. D. Matt.

【答案】 D

【解析】 本题考查细节题。根据题干中的关键信息“created”和“Teens Helping Seniors”可定位到表格第二列第一行第一句，“I created Teens Helping Seniors”，“I”所对应的名字是“Matt”，答案选 D。选项 A “Kathy”对应第四段，Kathy 所做的是“cheer up the elderly by writing them letters”；选项 B “Linda”对应第二段，可知她组织的是“Mitter Senior Technology”；选项 C “Jordan”对应第三段，他发起的是“The Joy 4 All Project”。故正确答案为选项 D。

22. How many local seniors are there in the weekly technology classes?

- A. 50. B. 100. C. 200. D. 350.

【答案】 A

【解析】 本题考查细节题。根据题干关键信息“local seniors”和“the weekly technology classes”可定位到表格第二列第二段“Now there are 50 local seniors in the weekly technology classes.”。答案选 A。选项 B “100”定位到原文最后一句，对应的活动是“cheer up the elderly by writing them letters”；选项 C “200”和选项 D “350”分别定位原文第一段第二行和第一段的最后一行。故正确答案为选项 A。

23. To help the elderly in the nursing home, Kathy and her schoolmates _____.

- A. taught them how to use computers
- B. recorded jokes and poems for them
- C. wrote them letters to cheer them up
- D. delivered food or other supplies for them

【答案】 C

【解析】 本题考查细节题。根据题干关键信息 “the elderly in the nursing home” 和 “Kathy and her schoolmates”，可定位到文中最后一段第二行 “I decided to cheer the elderly by writing them letters.”，答案选 C。选项 A “taught them how to use computers” 定位到文中第二段第二行，属于 Linda 做的事；选项 B “recorded jokes and poems for them” 定位到文中第三段第二行，属于 Jordan 做的事；选项 D “delivered food or other supplies for them” 定位到文中第一段第二行，属于 Matt 做的事。故正确答案为选项 C。

B

A Day at the Nature Center

Emma stared (凝视) sadly out of the window of the bus. Only 50 miles outside town was the farm. She thought about the farm all the time, especially the animals.

When her family sold the farm and moved to a nearby town, Emma was excited. But when she got to the new school, she felt very lonely.

With a sigh (叹气), Emma turned her attention back to the present. The bus came to a stop. “Welcome to the Leinweber Nature Center,” her teacher said. “A guide will give us a presentation about animals, and then you’ll help to feed the baby squirrels. Now, I want everyone to find a partner.”



squirrel

Emma didn’t have any friends yet — who would be her partner? Emma got close

to Julia, a talkative and outgoing girl. “Could I be your partner?” Emma asked uncertainly.

“Sure,” said Julia warmly.

Together, the girls walked into the center. After the presentation, a keeper showed them how to hold the bottle of milk for baby squirrels. Then the girls started to feed their own baby squirrels.

After the babies finished eating, the keeper asked, “Would you like to help feed the adult squirrels, too?”

Emma was quick to volunteer, but when the keeper opened the first cage, the squirrel inside jumped out. Emma remained calm (镇静的), held out her hand, made quiet sounds, and then quickly got it.

“Wow!” Julia said. “You’re always so quiet. I thought you were afraid of everything, but you are brave.”

“I know that when animals are frightened or excited, you have to stay calm.”

The keeper nodded in agreement and asked Emma, “Would you be interested in volunteering to help out with the animals at the center?”

“Interested? I would love to work here! What an opportunity!” Emma was excited.

That afternoon, in the bus on the way back to school, Emma sat next to Julia, her new friend. A rush of newfound happiness washed over her.

24. How did Emma feel when she got to the new school?

- A. Lonely. B. Lucky. C. Surprised. D. Angry.

【答案】 A

【解析】 本题考查细节题。根据题干中的关键信息 “How did Emma feel when she got to the new school?” 定位到原文第二段第二句话 “But when she got to the new school,

she felt very lonely.”可知当 Emma 到达新学校时她感到非常孤独。选项 A 译为“孤独的”；选项 B 译为“幸运的”；选项 C 译为“惊讶的”；选项 D 译为“生气的”。故正确答案为选项 A。

25. At the nature center, Emma and Julia _____.

- A. took a chance to be tour guides
- B. helped to feed the baby squirrels
- C. asked the keeper many questions
- D. made a presentation about nature

【答案】 B

【解析】 本题考查细节题。根据题干中的关键信息“**At the nature center**”，定位到原文第三段第三句话“**Welcome to the Leinweber Nature Center**”，根据第三段第四句话“**A guide will give us a presentation about animals, and then you'll help to feed the baby squirrels.**”可知他们本次的主要活动为喂养松鼠宝宝。选项 A 译为“抓住机会去成为导游”；选项 B 译为“帮助去喂养松鼠宝宝”；选项 C 译为“询问饲养员很多问题”；选项 D 译为“做一个关于自然的介绍”。故正确答案为选项 B。

26. On the way back to school, Emma felt happy because _____.

- A. the volunteers warmly welcomed her
- B. the teacher praised her for her bravery
- C. she found a place to care for animals and made a friend
- D. she went back to the farm and learned a lot about animals

【答案】 C

【解析】 本题考查细节题。题干译为“在回学校的路上，Emma 感到开心是因为_____”。选项 A 译为“志愿者热情地欢迎了她”；选项 B 译为“老师因为她的勇敢夸奖她”；选项 C 译为“她找到了一个关爱动物的地方并且交到了一个朋友”；选项 D 译为“她回到了

农场，并且学到了很多关于动物的知识”；根据题干提示信息“On the way back to school, Emma felt happy because”定位到倒数第二段“‘Interested? I would love to work here! What an opportunity!’ Emma was excited.”以及倒数第一段“‘That afternoon, in the bus on the way back to school, Emma sat next to Julia, her new friend. A rush of newfound happiness washed over her.’”可知 Emma 感到开心是因为她找到了可以关爱动物的地方并且交到了新的朋友。故正确答案为选项 C。

C

There are millions of recipes (菜谱) hidden in the boxes and hearts of grandmothers and parents. These family recipes are a special part of our family history. Some of them have been passed down from generation (一代人) to generation.

“I realized I couldn’t go home every weekend for my mom’s delicious dishes,” says Shreya, who is about to enter university. Shreya has recently started following her mother around the kitchen, taking notes on how to make her “masala chai” and tasty kachoris.

“Those special tastes can immediately unlock a whole flood of emotions, memories and feelings of family, love, and comfort,” says she.

She adds, “I am looking to the day when my kids will come to know of their grandmothers through the dishes they cooked”.

But many of us find it difficult to keep the food connection with our busy life. Even if we have time, not many of us take the effort to collect and record the recipes from our grandmothers and parents. We often get a recipe on the phone and take it down quickly on a piece of paper. We just stick it onto the fridge for a week or two and forget about it as soon as the paper disappears from there.

Actually, there are simple ways to keep family recipes. Scrapbooks (剪贴簿) are easily found in the market. You can even add photos to record every detail of your memories about the recipe. With the help of some popular apps like Story Scans, recording family recipes has never been easier. What is needed is to scan (扫描) the recipes and record the story behind each of them. It can become the most meaningful work you have ever done with and for your family.

Keeping family recipes is saving and honoring our tradition so that future generations can continue to make family ties stronger. Every time you remember your loved ones, recreate one of the dishes from your collection and let the memories from the good old days comfort you. So why not gift your kids a family recipe book when they are starting a new life?

27. Why does Shreya follow her mother around the kitchen?

- A. To clean up the kitchen.
- B. To note down recipes.
- C. To prepare family dinners.
- D. To talk about family rules.

【答案】 B

【解析】 本题考查细节题。根据题干中的关键词“Shreya, follow her mother, around the kitchen”，定位第二段最后一句“Shreya has recently started following her mother around the kitchen, taking notes on how to make her ‘masala chai’ and tasty kachoris”，译为“Shreya 最近开始跟随她的母亲到厨房去，记下如何制作‘masala chai’和美味的‘kachoris’”。选项 A 译为“为了打扫厨房”；选项 C 译为“为了准备家庭晚餐”；选项 D 译为“为了讨论家庭规则”，均与原文不符；选项 B 译为“为了记下菜单”，与原文相符。故正确答案为选项 B。

28. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Ways to record recipes can be easy.

- B. Most people like writing recipe books.
- C. Recipes have become popular with kids.
- D. People often buy recipe books in the market.

【答案】 A

【解析】 本题考查推断题。选项 A 译为“记录菜单的方法可以很容易”，根据关键词“record recipes”、“easy”定位到文章倒数第二段第一句“Actually, there are simple ways to keep family recipes”，译为“事实上，有保持家庭菜谱的简单方法”，以及第四句“... recording family recipes has never been easier”，译为“记录家庭食谱从未如此简单”，与选项 A 相符，故正确答案为选项 A；选项 B 译为“大部分人喜欢写烹饪书”，根据关键词“recipe books”定位到文章第五段的第二句“Even if we have time, not many of us take the effort to collect and record the recipes ...”，译为“即使我们有时间，也没有很多人努力去收集并记录菜谱”。选项 B 与原文不符，故排除选项 B；选项 C 译为“菜谱已经受到孩子们的欢迎”，本文呼吁大家记录家庭菜谱，说明菜谱还未受到孩子们的足够关注，故排除选项 C；选项 D 译为“人们经常在市场里买烹饪书”，根据文章第五段倒数第二句“We often get a recipe on the phone and take it down quickly on a piece of paper”，可知人们经常在手机上获取菜谱，然后快速记下来，选项 D 与原文不符，故排除选项 D。故正确答案为选项 A。

29. Which of the following would be the best title for the passage?

- A. Family Recipes: Secrets of Cooking
- B. Family Recipes Are at a Crossroads
- C. Family Recipes: Connections to Interests
- D. Family Recipes Are More than Just Recipes

【答案】 D

【解析】 本题考查主旨题。选项 A 译为“家庭菜谱：烹饪的秘密”；选项 B 译为“家庭

菜谱处在十字路口”；选项 C 译为“家庭菜谱：与兴趣爱好的联系”；选项 D 译为“家庭菜谱不只是菜谱”。文章首段提到“**These family recipes are a special part of our family history**”，译为“家庭菜谱是家庭历史的一个特殊部分”。末段第一句提到“**Keeping family recipes is saving and honoring our tradition so that future generations can continue to make family ties stronger**”，译为“保留家庭菜谱就是在保存和尊重我们的传统，以便子孙后代能够继续加强家庭联系”，以上信息都说明家庭菜谱还有更深层的意义，与选项 D 相符。故正确答案为选项 D。

D

Today we can do everything with apps: pay bills, order food and shop for anything. Mobile technology means we can hold the world in our hands. However, when it comes to technology and health care, opportunities and challenges come together.

Let's start with the ways to get health care. Telemedicine can allow a patient to use technology to see the doctor online and get a diagnosis (诊断) and instructions without leaving home.



In addition, there are many patient websites. These allow for different kinds of interactions about our health needs without involving the medical team. Setting a date with doctors and reading lab results are readily achieved by technology.

A whole new age of medical care seems likely (可能的) to come in the future. But every coin has two sides. What might be on the other side of techno-health care?

Firstly, we should think about the health care experience as a whole. A usual visit to a doctor begins with a receptionist (接待员), who can see and tell how a patient is doing. This may influence the treatment effect. It's unlikely that a patient website will

have such **intuition**.

Next, sharing the details of one's life requires trust, which takes time to build. This is certainly true in health care, where some of life's best and worst moments involve doctors. The human touch should not be undervalued and is unlikely to be there over the smartphone.

Lastly, test results can be difficult to understand. When someone without a medical degree sees a flagged result with no explanation on the website, there's room for all kinds of stories to form in their minds — and also great worry.

So how does medicine adapt (适应) to the new technology age? Very talented companies are working on it. There is medical equipment (设备) that can be used at home to send necessary signs and heart sounds through telemedicine. It seems likely that some companies will find a way to explain test results.

But what it will not achieve is the warmth of human interaction and touch. Patients often need someone to listen to — and care about — their journey story, which will never be realized through a human-less technology. Technology should be a tool, but depending on it totally will most certainly have unexpected effects. Let's not allow our humanity to be one of them.

30. According to the passage, how does technology help health care?

- A. It encourages doctors to voice their needs on the websites.
- B. It offers the patient a convenient way to get a diagnosis.
- C. It improves relations between doctors and patients.
- D. It provides an opportunity to build a medical team.

【答案】 B

【解析】 本题考查细节题。选项 A 译为“它鼓励医生在网站上表达他们的需求”，原文

中没有提到；选项 B 译为“它为患者提供了一种获得诊断的便捷的方式”，根据关键词“diagnosis”定位到原文第二段第二句“Telemedicine can allow a patient to see the doctor online and get a diagnosis and instructions without leaving home.”，译为“远程医疗使病人线上就医成为可能，无需离开家门就能得到诊断和指导”，内容相符；选项 C 译为“它改善了医患之间的关系”，原文中没有提到；选项 D 译为“它提供了建立一个医疗团队的机会”，根据关键词“medical team”定位到原文第三段第二句“These allow for different kinds of interactions about involving the medical team”，译为“这些使得在不需要医疗团队参与的情况下，各种不同的关于医疗需求的互动成为可能。”，对比原文和选项可知选项 D 不符合原文，故排除选项 D。故正确答案为选项 B。

31. The word “**intuition**” in Paragraph 5 probably means .

- A. an ability to understand B. an interesting experience
C. a chance to win D. a fair decision

【答案】 A

【解析】 本题考查猜词题。根据题干中的关键词“intuition”定位到原文第五段。划线词所在句译为“一个患者网站有这种_____是不可能的”。选项 A 译为“理解的能力”；选项 B 译为“有趣的经历”；选项 C 译为“获胜的机会”；选项 D 译为“公平的决定”。根据猜词题所在句子中的“such”可知“intuition”指代的是上文中“通常拜访医生时首先会有接待员，他可以看出并判断患者情况如何。这可能会影响治疗效果”。故正确答案为选项 A。

32. What do you know about techno-health care from the passage?

- A. Patient websites require trust from doctors.
B. Talented companies can give medical advice.
C. Flagged results may cause worry for patients.
D. Medical equipment collects patients' stories.

【答案】 C

【解析】本题考查推断题。题干问到“从文章中关于健康医疗科技我们可以知道什么”。选项 A 译为“患者网站需要来自医生的信任”，根据关键词“trust”定位到原文第六段第一句“sharing the details of one’s life requires trust”，译为“(患者)分享生活的细节需要信任。”对比原文和选项可知，选项偷换了信任的对象，故选项 A 不符合原文；选项 B 译为“有能力的公司可以给出医疗的建议”，根据关键词“talented companies”定位到第八段第二句“Very talented companies are working on it”译为“有能力的公司正致力于解决这个问题”，对比原文和选项可知选项 B 跟原文表述不一致，故排除选项 B；选项 C 译为“有重要标记的检查结果可能会引起病人的担忧”，根据关键词“flagged result”定位到原文第七段第二句“a flagged result with no explanation on the website, there’s room for all kinds of stories to form in their minds — and also great worry”，译为“标记了的结果在网站没有解释的情况下会给脑海里的各种故事和巨大的忧虑留下空间”，对比原文和选项可知选项 C 符合原文；选项 D 译为“医疗设备收集病人的故事经历”，根据关键词“medical equipment”定位到第八段第二句“‘There is medical equipment that can be used at home to send necessary signs and heart sounds through telemedicine’”，译为“有一些家用的医疗设备可以通过远程医疗发送必要的信号和心脏声音”，对比原文和选项可知选项 D 表述不符合原文，故排除选项 D。故正确答案为选项 C。

33. The writer probably agrees that _____.

- A. technology can deal with unexpected effects
- B. telemedicine can take the place of usual health care
- C. it is difficult for patients to adapt to the new technology age
- D. techno-health care should take humanity into consideration

【答案】 D

【解析】 本题考查推断题。考生需推理判断作者的观点。选项 A 译为“科技能解决意想不到的影响”，根据关键词“unexpected effect”定位原文最后一段倒数第二句话“Technology should be a tool, but depending on it totally will most certainly have unexpected effects”，译为“科技可以是一个工具，但是完全依赖于它肯定会产生意想不到的影响”，对比原文和选项可知选项 A 不符合原文，因此排除；选项 B 译为“远程医疗会取代平常的卫生保健”，文章中并没有提及，属于主观臆测，因此排除；选项 C 译为“对于病人来说，适应新的科技时代是困难的”，根据关键词“adapt to”定位到原文第八段前两句“So how does medicine adapt (适应) to the new technology age? Very talented companies are working on it.”。译为“所以医疗体系如何适应新的科技时代呢？很多有能力的公司都在致力于(解决这个问题)。”，文章中未提及困难，因此排除；选项 D 译为“科技卫生保健应该考虑到人性”，根据关键词“humanity”定位到原文最后两句“Technology should be a tool, but depending on it totally will most certainly have unexpected effects. Let’s not allow our humanity to be one of them”，译为“科技可以是一个工具，但是完全依赖于它肯定会产生意想不到的影响。让我们的人性不要成为(这些意料之外的影响)其中一个。”对比原文和选项可知，选项 D 符合原文。故正确答案为选项 D。

四、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。(共 10 分，每小题 2 分)**This 12-year-old Girl Built a Robot to Find Plastics in the Ocean**

Anna Du was walking along the beach when she noticed plastics there. She reached down to pick them up, and quickly realized there were many more tiny pieces than she could deal with. It seemed impossible to clean them all up.

Du, 12 years old at the time, tried to solve the problem like any good scientist — first, by doing a little research. That’s how she learned that 8 million tons of plastics end up in the oceans every year.

Then she got to work building something that could help solve the problem: a remote-operated vehicle (遥控潜水器), or ROV.



Her ROV can move through water and find plastics on the ocean floor.

The actually cool part of Du’s ROV is the detection (探测) system. She uses a camera along with three different kinds of light to find the plastics. She also uses visible (可见的) light to find unnatural colors that might make the plastics stand out.

“She has a very good engineering sense to break down a problem like this and then go after it,” says engineer Casey Machado. “It sounds simple, but it’s a level of thinking that’s really amazing.”

Du started attending public events and workshops at a university when she was five years old, and so she picked up the engineering skills necessary to build her ROV. She says actually getting her ROV to move through water well was not easy. She failed many times, but she never gave up trying and testing.

When asked about future plans, she mentions wanting to address the effects of climate (气候) change. “I think there are a lot of problems that could be solved with new inventions,” says Du.

Du thanks her parents, who for years have taken her to student outreach activities, for supporting her interest in science, technology, engineering and math (STEM). She says she has been able to meet students and scientists there.

“I know I want to be an engineer because I like building things to help solve world problems,” says Du. “But I’m not sure what kind of engineer I want to be yet.”

34. What did Anna Du notice while walking along the beach?

【答案】 Plastics.

【解析】 本题考查细节题。根据关键词“while walking along the beach”定位到原文第一段第一句话，故正确答案为“Plastics”。

35. How old was Du when she did a little research to solve the problem?

【答案】 Twelve years old.

【解析】 本题考查细节题。根据关键词“when she did a little research to solve the problem”定位到原文第二段第一句话，故正确答案为“Twelve years old”。

36. What can Du's ROV do?

【答案】 Her ROV can move through water and find plastics on the ocean floor.

【解析】 本题考查细节题。根据问题定位到原文第三段第二句，故正确答案为“Her ROV can move through water and find plastics on the ocean floor”。

37. Why does Du want to be an engineer in the future?

【答案】 Because she likes building things to help solve world problems.

【解析】 本题考查细节题。根据问题定位到原文最后一段第一句，故正确答案为“Because she likes building things to help solve world problems”。

38. What made Du succeed in building her ROV?

【答案】 A good engineering sense, the spirit of never giving up and the support from her parents.

【解析】本题考查主旨题。根据第五段第一句 “She has a very good engineering sense to break down a problem”，第六段最后一句 “She failed many times, but she never gave up trying and testing”，以及第八段第一句 “Du thanks her parents... for supporting her interest in science, technology, engineering and math” 可知，故正确答案为 “A good engineering sense, the spirit of never giving up and the support from her parents”。

五、文段表达。(10分)

39. 从下面两个题目中任选一题，根据中文和英文提示，完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

题目①

假如你是李华，你不小心把 Peter 借给你的书弄丢了。为表达歉意，请用英语给他写一封邮件，告知此事，并提出弥补的办法。

提示词语: lose, make up (弥补), buy, send

提示问题: ● What happened to the book?

● What will you do to make up for it?

Dear Peter,

How are you getting on? I'm writing this email to say sorry. _____

Yours,

Li Hua

【总体思路】

本篇写作体裁属于应用文中的道歉信，具体内容围绕以下两个方面：

1. 这本书如何丢失的？

2. 你将如何弥补？

【参考范文】

Dear Peter,

How are you getting on? I'm writing this email to say sorry. I am really grateful that you lent your book to me. In order to give it back to you as soon as possible, I took it to the library yesterday. I also borrowed some other books in the library before I left. However, when I arrived at my dormitory, I couldn't find your book. I searched all my dormitory as well as the road from the dormitory to the library. The next day I also looked for it in each and every corner of the library. To my disappointment, I had no luck. I'm sorry I can't give it back to you on time as I promised before. But I will buy a new one for you. I hope you can accept my apologies. I sincerely beg your pardon again.

Yours,

Li Hua

【参考范文分析】

首先，第一个提示问题为“*What happened to the book?*”，要明确写出这本书丢失的过程。对应句子为“*In order to give it back to you as soon as possible, I took it to the library yesterday. I also borrowed some other books in the library before I left. However, when I arrived at my dormitory, I couldn't find your book.*”。然后描述了寻找未果的过程，对应句子为“*I searched all my dormitory as well as the road from the dormitory to the library. The next day I also looked for it in each and every corner of*

the library. To my disappointment, I had no luck. I'm sorry I can't give it back to you on time as I promised before.”。第二个提示问题为 “What will you do to make up for it?”, 需具体写出弥补方式, 对应句子为 “But I will buy a new one for you.”。最后, 再次表明歉意并希望得到原谅, 对应句子为 “I hope you can accept my apologies. I sincerely beg your pardon again.”。

题目②

“不积跬步, 无以至千里。” 积累, 有助于我们达成目标, 实现梦想。

某英文网站正在开展以 “积累” 为主题的征文活动。假如你是李华, 请用英语写一篇短文投稿, 谈谈你在积累知识方面做过什么, 有什么收获。

提示词语: accumulate (积累), read, keep, make progress

提示问题: ● What did you do to accumulate knowledge?

● What have you learned from doing so?

Without accumulating, we can hardly achieve anything. _____

【总体思路】

本篇写作体裁属于记叙文, 主题是 “积累”, 具体内容围绕以下两个方面:

1. 你在积累知识方面做过什么?
2. 你从中有什么收获?

【参考范文】

Without accumulating, we can hardly achieve anything. Accumulating knowledge plays an important role in my life, which can improve my abilities as well as broaden my vision.

In order to accumulate knowledge, I have made great efforts. At school, I tried my best to listen to the teacher carefully and take down the key points in class, which was of great benefit for me to fully absorb the knowledge. In my spare time, I developed the habit of reading. Since it is an excellent way to accumulate knowledge, I have read a lot of world-famous books and the latest English magazines.

From accumulating knowledge, I have gained a lot. I become more knowledgeable and have a better understanding of the world. Accumulating knowledge is a useful way to help me make a better preparation for my dream.

【参考范文分析】

本篇为记叙类作文。考生需要从两个方面作答：一是你在积累知识方面做过什么；二是你从中有何收获。

第一段开头已给出，引入话题，“*Without accumulating, we can hardly achieve anything.*”。然后扩展，强调“积累”的重要性，“*Accumulating knowledge plays an important role in my life, which can improve my abilities as well as broaden my vision.*”。

第二段是从两方面叙述自己在积累知识方面做过的事情，叙述在学校如何积累知识，“*At school, I tried my best to listen to the teacher carefully and take down the key points in class, which was of great benefit for me to fully absorb the knowledge.*”。然后叙述自己空闲时间如何积累知识，“*In my spare time, I developed the habit of reading. Since it is an excellent way to accumulate knowledge, I have read a lot of world-famous books and the latest English magazines.*”。

第三段先是过渡，“From accumulating knowledge, I have gained a lot.”，然后从两方面谈自己的收获，“I become more knowledgeable and have a better understanding of the world. Accumulating knowledge is a useful way to help me make a better preparation for my dream.”。

