

2019 年北京市中考英语考试逐题解析

知识运用 (共 14 分)

一、单项填空 (共 6 分, 每小题 0.5 分)

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. Mr. Wang is coming to our school. I can't wait to see _____.

- A. her B. him C. it D. them

【正确答案】B

【解题思路】本题考查人称代词的宾格。根据题干中“Mr. Wang”可知性别为男性。选项 A “她”; 选项 B “他”; 选项 C “它”; 选项 D “他们”。故正确答案为选项 B。

2. We planted some flowers _____ the garden yesterday.

- A. on B. to C. in D. of

【正确答案】C

【解题思路】本题考查方位介词。根据题干中“We planted flowers _____ garden”可知花应该种在花园“里”。选项 A “在……上”; 选项 B “到……, 去……”; 选项 C “在……里”; 选项 D “……的”。故正确答案为选项 C。

3. - Excuse me, _____ is this T-shirt?

- It's 88 yuan.

- A. how much B. how many
C. how long D. how old

【正确答案】A

【解题思路】本题考查特殊疑问词。根据答句中“It's 88 yuan.”可知问句是在问价格。选项 A “多少钱”; 选项 B “多少”; 选项 C “多长”; 选项 D “多大 (年龄)”。故正确答案为选项 A。

4. - Lily, _____ you finish the letter in ten minutes?

- Yes, I can.

- A. must B. should C. need D. can

【正确答案】 D

【解题思路】 本题考查情态动词。根据答句中 “Yes, I can.” 可知问句是在问是否 “能够” 在 10 分钟内完成信件。选项 A “必须”; 选项 B “应该”; 选项 C “需要”; 选项 D “能够”。故正确答案为选项 D。

5. This cap is nice, _____ it doesn't look good on me.

- A. for B. so C. but D. or

【正确答案】 C

【解题思路】 本题考查连词。题干译为 “这个帽子很好看, _____ 它在我身上看起来不太好。” 选项 A “对于, 为了”; 选项 B “所以”; 选项 C “但是”; 选项 D “或者”。故正确答案为选项 C。

6. Julie takes good care of the family dog. She is _____ than her brother.

- A. patient B. more patient
C. most patient D. the most patient

【正确答案】 B

【解题思路】 本题考查形容词比较级。根据题干中的 “than her brother”, 所以选比较级。此题目中选项 A 为形容词原级; 选项 B 为形容词比较级; 选项 C 为形容词最高级, 但缺少定冠词 “the”; 选项 D 为形容词最高级。故正确答案为选项 B。

7. Sam _____ with his friends every weekend.

- A. skates B. is skating
C. has skated D. was skating

【正确答案】 A

【解题思路】 本题考查时态。根据题干中的标志词 “every weekend” 可知该题应选择

Run for Class President

Two months ago, when our class election (选举) started, I decided to run for class president. I enjoyed speaking in public and got along well with people, so I felt it easy to win. But I was _____ (13) that people would feel bad for me if I lost.

I was busy preparing in the following week. My plan wasn't to make promises to do things I couldn't _____ (14) but to show my class why I wanted to be president. I put up my posters in hallways and in the classroom. I also spent three hours writing my speech, saying that I was the one they could turn to whenever they had a problem. Since I was _____ (15) prepared, I felt that my chances of winning were strong.

However, when I gave my speech on Election Day, the response (反应) wasn't what I had _____ (16). Few people actually listened. When it was my opponent's (对手的) turn, everyone was screaming his name. His speech was short, but all to the point. By then, I realized I should have made mine shorter and clearer.

It was obvious who would _____ (17). For the rest of the day, I felt like it was over. I wanted to just go home and cry, but I made it through.

My _____ (18) was right: I didn't win.

The next day, people were still talking about the election. I just pretended (假装) not to hear. But later, things got better. People _____ (19) about the election and talked to me just as they did before.

I don't regret putting time and energy into the election because I've learned that things aren't always going the way I expect. And moments of failure like this build _____ (20) — since then I've learned to face disappointment and grown stronger.

13. A. bored B. afraid C. excited D. hopeful

【正确答案】 B

【解题思路】 本题考查形容词。本句译为“但是如果我输了，我会 _____ 人们会觉得我很糟糕”。根据文章第一段倒数第二句“我对赢感到并不费力”可以推断出，如果输我会感到负向情绪。选项 A 译为“感到无聊的”；选项 B 译为“害怕的”；选项 C 译为“感到兴奋的”；选项 D 译为“有希望的”。根据文章语境判断。故正确答案为选项 B。

14. A. compare B. remember C. manage D. repeat

【正确答案】 C

【解题思路】 本题考查动词。本句译为“我的计划不是做出我根本不能 _____ 的承诺，而是向我的班级展示出为什么我想当这个班长”。选项 A 译为“比较”；选项 B 译为“记得”；选项 C 译为“设法，掌控，控制，管理”；选项 D 译为“重复”。根据文章语境判断。故正确答案为选项 C。

15. A. fully B. quickly C. freshly D. physically

【正确答案】 A

【解题思路】 本题考查副词。本句译为“因为我 _____ 准备好了，我感到我赢的机会很大”。选项 A 译为“完全地”；选项 B 译为“快速地”；选项 C 译为“新鲜地”；选项 D 译为“身体上地”。结合前文作者“张贴海报”“花费三个小时写演讲稿”，以及“赢的机会很大”，可知作者“完全准备好了”。故正确答案为选项 A。

16. A. feared B. faced C. mentioned D. pictured

【正确答案】 D

【解题思路】 本题考查动词。本句译为“然而，当我在选举日进行演讲时，(台下的) 反应并不是我所 _____”。选项 A 译为“害怕”；选项 B 译为“面对”；选项 C 译为“提到”；选项 D 译为“在脑中描绘，想象”。结合前文作者“觉得自己会赢得选举”，以及后文“几乎没有人真地在听”，先后形成对比，可知“(台下的) 反应并不是我所想象的那样”。故正确答案为选项 D。

17. A. insist B. return C. wait D. win

【正确答案】 D

【解题思路】 本题考查动词。本句译为“谁会 _____ 是很明显的”。选项 A 译为“坚持”；选项 B 译为“归还，返回”；选项 C 译为“等待”；选项 D 译为“赢，胜利”。文章主题为“班长选举”，此处作者在预测选举的结果，也是后文“I didn't win”中动词 win 的复现。故正确答案为选项 D。

18. A. suggestion B. prediction C. direction D. introduction

【正确答案】 B

【解题思路】 本题考查名词。本句译为“我的 _____ 是正确的：我没有赢”。选项 A 译为“建议”；选项 B 译为“预测”；选项 C 译为“方向”；选项 D 译为“介绍”。前文提到“我感觉结束了，我只想回家哭泣”，可知此时作者已经知道自己选不上了。故正确答案为选项 B。

19. A. forgot B. wrote C. cared D. discussed

【正确答案】 A

【解题思路】 本题考查动词。本句译为“人们 _____ 这个选举，仍然像之前那样和我聊天”。选项 A 译为“忘记”；选项 B 译为“书写”；选项 C 译为“关心”；选项 D 译为“讨论”。前文提到作者假装没有听到大家的聊天，但是之后，事情变好了，可知大家忘记了选举。故正确答案为选项 A。

20. A. trust B. pride C. character D. support

【正确答案】 C

【解题思路】 本题考查名词。本句译为“像这样的失败的时刻塑造了 _____ 因为我学会了面对失望，并且（让自己）变得更强大”。选项 A 译为“信任”；选项 B 译为“自豪”；选项 C 译为“品质，性格，特征”；选项 D 译为“支持”。破折号后面的内容是对前面的解释说明，同时根据文章语境判断。故正确答案为选项 C。

阅读理解 (共 36 分)

三、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。(共 26 分，每小题 2 分)

A

Experiencing China

Mike, Canada

I spent three months with my host family (接待家庭) in China. It was a lifetime experience. I was able to experience Chinese living and culture, from basic Tai Chi to Beijing Opera. I even visited a famous traditional Chinese medicine hospital. Now I have a better understanding of Chinese culture.

Joanna, Australia

I stayed with my host family for five months. My host mother is a Chinese teacher and she is really warm-hearted. With her help, my Chinese has improved a lot. And I have got used to a new culture. My favorite part of the experience was sharing my feelings in China with her.

Bill, America

My host mother is a wonderful cook! She makes me all kinds of traditional Chinese dishes. They are tasty and I like them very much. Just like me, my host parents love to learn about different cultures. They often ask me questions about life in America.

Cindy, Germany

Recently I took part in a program to study Chinese. I lived with a host family in China for six months. My host sister is a really hardworking student. It was amazing to see how she made progress in English. And a close relationship has developed between us.

21. Who visited a traditional Chinese medicine hospital?

- A. Mike. B. Joanna. C. Bill. D. Cindy.

【正确答案】 A

【解题思路】 本题属于细节题。根据题干中的关键信息 “Who visited a traditional Chinese medicine hospital?”, 定位至文章第一段第三行 “I even visited a famous traditional Chinese medicine hospital.”。故正确答案为选项 A。

22. How long did Joanna stay with her host family in China?

- A. Three months. B. Four months.
C. Five months. D. Six months.

【正确答案】 C

【解题思路】 本题属于细节题。根据题干中的关键信息 “How long did Joanna stay with

her host family” 定位到第二段第一行, “I stayed with my host family for five months”。

故正确答案为选项 C。

23. Cindy thinks her host sister is _____.

- A. a wonderful cook B. a responsible doctor
C. a warm-hearted teacher D. a hardworking student

【正确答案】 D

【解题思路】 本题属于细节题。根据题干中的关键信息 “Cindy thinks her host sister”, 可定位到文章第四段第二行 “My host sister is a really hardworking student”。故正确答案为选项 D。

B

Blue Lightning

Sally loved cars more than anything else. This spring she thought of building a go-kart to enter for the Go-Go Race. So she asked her dad for help.

“Well,” he said. “How about this: you do some research first and then come back to me with a design.”

A week later, Sally brought her notes and drawings to Dad. She named her go-kart “Blue Lightning”. Dad looked over her work, thinking. “Well, that’s interesting,” he said. “Have a try. Just build Blue Lightning as you’ve designed.”

Over three weekends of hard work, Sally turned her design into a real, working go-kart and painted it light blue. Dad asked her to take it for a test drive. Sally agreed.

After she did that, Sally drove back to Dad. “Well,” she said. “Now I know why you wanted me to have a test drive.”



“Oh, do you?” he said. “Please share.”

“When I drove fast, there was a lot of pushback,” she said. “I think it’s because of the lightning bolt (闪电) shape.”

“Very good!” Dad said.

“So, why didn’t you tell me about that problem in the first place?” Sally asked.

Dad laughed. “Where’s the fun in that? If you give a man a fish, he’ll eat for a day. But if you teach a man to fish, he’ll eat for a lifetime.”

Sally said, “I see. Anyway, designing is half the fun!”

Dad smiled. “Good. Sometimes, learning happens during the process. We learn how to do something right by doing it a few times first and making mistakes along the way.”

That encouraged Sally and she worked even harder. When she showed Dad her new go-kart, he nodded with pride.

Finally came the race. Sally wasn’t worried about whether she would win — in her mind, she had already won, by building something better than ever before.

24. Sally thought of building a go-kart to _____.

- A. practice driving
- B. enter for a race
- C. play with friends
- D. do some research

【正确答案】B

【解题思路】本题属于细节题。根据题干中的关键信息 “Sally thought of building a go-kart”，定位至文章第一段第二句 “This spring she thought of building a go-kart to enter for the Go-Go Race”。故正确答案为选项 B。

25. What did Sally's dad ask her to do after she built the go-kart?

- A. To have a test drive. B. To take a good rest.
C. To give it a cool name. D. To paint it light blue.

【正确答案】 A

【解题思路】 本题属于细节题。根据题干中的关键信息“... did Sally's dad ask after she built the go-kart”，定位至文章第四段最后一句“Dad asked her to take it for a test drive”，可知在她完成 go-kart 之后，爸爸要求她去试驾。故正确答案为选项 A。

26. Sally's story mainly tells us that _____.

- A. winning a race is important
B. fishing brings us a lot of fun
C. driving experience is necessary
D. learning happens during the process

【正确答案】 D

【解题思路】 本题属于主旨题。根据最后一段比赛后的总结“Sally wasn't worried whether she would win — in her mind, she had already won, by building something better than ever before”，可知通过建造了前所未有的东西，Sally 在心中认为自己已经获胜，同时，在文章倒数第三段第一行爸爸的话中也有体现。故正确答案为选项 D。

C

Sometimes it seems that time is flying. Perhaps it doesn't need to feel this way. Our experience of time can be possibly changed. By understanding the psychological (心理学的) processes behind our different experiences of time, we might be able to slow down time a little.

One basic law of psychological time is that time seems to slow down when we're

exposed (接触) to new environments and experiences. The law is caused by the relationship between our experience of time and the amount of information our minds process. The more information our minds take in, the slower time seems to pass.

It follows, then, that we have different experiences of time in different situations. In some situations, our life is full of new experiences. Our minds process a lot of information and time seems to slow down. In other situations, we have fewer new experiences and the world around us becomes more and more familiar (熟悉的). We become insensitive to our experience, which means we process less information, and time seems to speed up.

How can we slow down time? Here are two suggestions.

Firstly, since we know that familiarity makes time pass faster, we can expose ourselves to as many new experiences as possible. We can give ourselves new challenges, meet new people, and expose our minds to new information, hobbies and skills. This will increase the amount of information our minds process and expand (增加) our experience of time.

Secondly, and perhaps most effectively, we can give our whole attention to an experience — to what we are seeing, feeling, tasting, smelling or hearing. This means living through our senses rather than through our thoughts. For example, on the way home, focus your attention outside of yourself, instead of thinking about the problems you have to deal with. Look at the sky, or at the buildings you pass, traveling among them. This open attitude to your experiences helps take in more information and also has a time-expanding effect.

To a certain degree, we can understand and control our experience of time passing. It's possible for us to slow down time by expanding our experience of time.

27. According to the writer, we can expand our experience of time by_____.

- A. going to bed on time
B. traveling to new places
C. having dinner as usual
D. printing the same materials

【正确答案】 B

【解题思路】 本题属于细节题。根据题干内容定位到文章第五段最后一句 “This will increase the amount of information our minds process and expand our experience of time”，这会让我们对于时间的体验增加，其中 this 指代前面的 “give ourselves new challenges, meet new people, and expose our minds to new information, hobbies and skills”，译为“接受新的挑战，遇见新的人，接触新的信息、爱好和技能”，核心思想即：接触不同的新事物，选项 B 译为“旅行到新的地方”。故正确答案为选项 B。

28. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Being familiar with the world around helps us get more information.
B. Understanding psychological time makes life pass more quickly.
C. We can take in more information by living through our senses.
D. We should build a stronger relationship between time and us.

【正确答案】 C

【解题思路】 本题属于推断题。选项 A 译为“熟悉周围的世界帮助我们得到更多的信息”定位到第三段四、五句 “the world around us becomes more and more familiar...which means we process less information” 意思是“我们周围的世界变得越来越熟悉，这就意味着我们可以处理更少的信息”，选项 A 和原文描述不一致，故排除；选项 B 译为“理解心理学的时间让生活过得更快”定位到第一段最后一句 “By understanding the psychological processes...we might be able to slow down time a little”，意思是“通过理解...的心理过程，我们也许能够让时间慢一点”，选项 B 和原文意思相反，故排除；选项 C 译为“在生活中我们可以通过感知获取更多信息”定位到第

Researchers have recognized several problems that may happen. For one, human beings have biases (偏见), and smart machines are likely to increase our biases. Many people believe smart machines are necessarily correct and objective, but machines are trained through a repeated testing and scoring process. In the process, human beings still decide on the correct answers.

Another problem relates to the case of accessing information. When there were no computers, efforts were required to get knowledge from other people, or go to the library. We know what knowledge lies in other brains or books, and what lies in our heads. But today, the Internet gives us the information we need quickly. This can lead to the mistaken belief — the knowledge we found was part of what we knew all along.

In a new civilization rich in machine intelligence, we have easy access to smart memory networks where information is stored. But dependency on a network suggests possibilities of being harmed easily. The **collapse** of any of the networks of relations our well-being (健康) depends upon, such as food and energy, would produce terrible results. Without food we get hungry; without energy we feel cold. And it is through widespread loss of memory that civilizations are at risk of falling into a dark age.

We forget old ways to free up time and space for new skills. As long as the older forms of knowledge are stored somewhere in our networks, and can be found when we need them, perhaps they're not really forgotten. Still, as time goes on, we gradually but unquestionably become strangers to future people.

30. Why are smart machines likely to increase our biases?

A. Because they go off course in testing and scoring.

- B. Because we control the training process on them.
- C. Because we offer them too much information.
- D. Because they overuse the provided answers.

【正确答案】 B

【解题思路】 本题属于细节题。根据题干中的关键信息“increase our biases”，定位至文章第三段。根据本段最后一句“In the process, human beings still decide on the correct answers”。该句译为“在该过程当中，人类仍然决定正确答案”。本句与选项 B “我们控制这个训练过程”相符合。故正确答案为选项 B。

31. The case of accessing information from the Internet _____.

- A. frees us from making efforts to learn new skills
- B. prevents civilizations from being lost at a high speed
- C. misleads us into thinking we already knew the knowledge
- D. separates the facts we have from those in the smart machines

【正确答案】 C

【解题思路】 本题属于细节题。根据题干中的关键信息“The case of accessing information”定位到文章第四段，通过本段最后一句“This can lead to the mistaken belief — the knowledge we found was part of what we knew all along”。该句译为“这会导致错误的观念 — 我们发现的知识是我们已知的一部分”。本句与选项 C “误导我们认为我们早已了解了这些知识”相符合。故正确答案为选项 C。

32. The word “collapse” in Paragraph 5 probably means “_____”.

- A. a sudden failure
- B. the basic rule
- C. a disappointing start
- D. the gradual development

【正确答案】 A

【解题思路】 本题属于猜词题。根据题干中的关键信息“Paragraph 5”定位到文章第

五段第三句，根据该句动宾结构“产生糟糕的结果”可知选项为负向词汇；选项 B 译为“基本的规则”，为中性词汇；选项 D 译为“逐渐的发展”，为正向词汇；故排除选项 B 和 D。选项 C 译为“一个令人失望的开始”，文章未提及“开始”。选项 A 译为“一次突然的失败”。故正确答案为选项 A。

33. What is the writer's main purpose in writing this passage?

- A. To question about the standards of information storage.
- B. To discuss our problems of communication with machines.
- C. To stress the importance of improving our memorizing ability.
- D. To remind us of the risk of depending on machines to remember.

【正确答案】D

【解题思路】本题属于段落主旨题。文章通过第一段末尾提出提问：学生们为什么被要求在大脑中储存如此多的知识？引出了作者观点。文章第二、三、四、五段讲述人类是否需要记忆大量信息，第六段论述全文论点，得出依赖机器去记忆存在的风险。选项 A 译为“质疑信息储存的标准”；选项 B 译为“讨论与机器交流存在的问题”；选项 C 译为“强调提高记忆能力的重要性”；均与文章内容不符。选项 D 译为“提醒我们依靠机器去记忆的风险”。故正确答案为选项 D。

四、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。（共 10 分，每小题 2 分）

Huge Waves Destroying Arctic Ice Faster than Expected

Ice covers much of the Arctic Ocean (北冰洋). Some pieces of ice are huge, like moving islands. As temperatures have increased, however, some of the ice has begun to disappear. Scientists have discovered huge waves (海浪) in the arctic waters.

The waves were discovered by accident in May, 2010. Scientist Aleksey Marchenko and his students set out on a trip. They wanted to study the icy waters.

On May 2, the ship traveled east and stopped next to a large chunk of ice around 50 miles from the small island of Hopen. Marchenko prepared to lead his students out onto the ice.

“We were ready to go but when I went out, I discovered many cracks (裂缝) around,” he remembers.



He decided to move the ship deeper into the ice to keep safe. The farther in they went, he thought, the harder the ice would become. As they pushed forward, however, the ship experienced small waves, and then bigger ones. Soon, the waves broke up the ice around the ship into thousands of smaller pieces.

Within an hour, Marchenko and his team saw a wave that was about 13 feet high. The ship's navigation (航行) system finally recorded the largest waves. They were more than 20 feet in height. The waves were so strong that they forced huge pieces of ice to jump up and down, breaking the ice into smaller pieces within just one hour. Scientists had never imagined that the process could happen so fast. The waves in these areas used to be small.

The speed and force of the huge waves there makes it impossible to know in advance when they are coming. That could be dangerous for navigators and local communities who are unprepared for huge waves or depend on sea ice to protect them. Wildlife like polar bears and walrus that depend on sea ice to live is also in danger.

Some scientists think people will soon see even bigger waves in these icy waters. As waves break up ice, the seas will become more open, and the waves will get even

stronger. There are stormy times ahead.

34. When did Marchenko and his students discover huge waves in the arctic waters?

【正确答案】 In May, 2010.

【解题思路】 本题属于细节题。由“when”可知是对时间进行的提问，根据关键词“waves were discovered”定位到文章第二段第一句。故正确答案为 In May, 2010.

35. Why did Marchenko and his students set out on the trip?

【正确答案】 Because they wanted to study the icy waters.

【解题思路】 本题属于细节题。根据关键词“set out on a trip”定位到文章第二段第二句和第三句。故正确答案为 Because they wanted to study the icy waters.

36. What did Marchenko decide to do to keep safe?

【正确答案】 He decided to move the ship deeper into the ice to keep safe.

【解题思路】 本题属于细节题。根据关键词“to keep safe”定位到文章第五段第一句。故正确答案为 He decided to move the ship deeper into the ice to keep safe.

37. How high were the largest waves recorded by the navigation system?

【正确答案】 More than 20 feet in height.

【解题思路】 本题属于细节题。根据关键词“the largest waves”定位到文章第六段第二句和第三句。故正确答案为 More than 20 feet in height.

38. What is Paragraph 7 mainly about?

【正确答案】 It is impossible to predict the huge waves and that could be dangerous for part of human and wildlife.

【解题思路】 本题属于主旨题。通过第七段的含义可以概括为“巨浪是难以预测并且会对一些人和动物造成危害”。故正确答案为 It is impossible to predict the huge waves and that could be dangerous for part of human and wildlife.

书面表达 (共 10 分)

五、文段表达 (10 分)

39. 从下面两个题目中任选一题, 根据中文和英文提示, 完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

题目①

假如你是李华, 你们学校正在开展“安全月”宣传活动, 倡议大家制作关于安全教育主题海报, 你们班交换生 Peter 给你发邮件询问相关事情。请用英语回复一封邮件, 告诉他海报上交的时间, 并分享你设计海报的一些想法。

提示词语: design, safety rule, careful, protect, picture

提示问题: ● When should you hand in the poster?

- What would you like to share with Peter about designing the poster?

Dear Peter,

I'm glad to receive your email. _____

新东方 XDF.CN 东方优播 DFUB

新东方 中小学全科教育 XDF.CN

If there is anything more that I can help with, please let me know.

Yours,

Li Hua

新东方 XDF.CN 东方优播 DFUB

【总体思路】

本篇写作属于用回信的形式告知 Peter 关于“安全月”宣传活动的內容。英文部分已经明确给出两个问题，难度中等。需要考生写出“海报上交时间，并分享海报设计想法”，具体问题如下：

1. 你应该什么时候上交海报？
2. 你要和 Peter 分享哪些设计海报的思路？

【参考范文】

Dear Peter,

I'm glad to receive your email. We are encouraged to hand in posters about safety.

You need to hand in the poster before next Friday.

When it comes to the design of the poster, firstly the content of the poster should include safety rules, such as obeying traffic rules. Be careful when you go across the road. Many traffic accidents are caused due to breaking traffic rules. So it is important for students to pay attention to them. Besides, letting students know how to protect themselves is also a must to avoid being in dangerous situations. In addition, drawing some pictures to beautify the poster is also a good idea, which will make the poster

more unforgettable.

If there is anything more that I can help with, please let me know.

Yours,

Li Hua

【参考范文分析】

首先，提示问题为“*When should you hand in the poster?*”，要明确写出海报上交的时间。在范文中即出现了“*You need to hand in the poster before next Friday.*”。

接着，提示问题为“*What would you like to share with Peter about designing the poster?*”，具体写出设计海报的想法。在范文中，首先是“海报内容”，即“*When it comes to the design of the poster, firstly the content of the poster should include safety rules, such as obeying traffic rules.*”。此项是关于交通安全。“*Besides, letting students know how to protect themselves is also a must to avoid being in dangerous situations.*”，此项是教育学生保护好自己。另外，关于“海报形式”，即“*In addition, drawing some pictures to beautify the poster is also a good idea, which will make the poster more unforgettable.*”。除此之外，注意逻辑连接词的使用。

题目②

自律，即自我约束，是自我提升的一种途径，有助于我们成长，促使我们不断前行。

某英文网站正在开展以“自律”为主题的征文活动。假如你是李华，请用英语写一篇短文投稿，谈谈为了增强自律意识，你做过什么，以及这样做给你带来好处。

提示词语: self-disciplined (自律的), plan, goal, habit, improve

提示问题: ● What did you do to be self-disciplined?

● What benefits have you got from doing so?

Self-discipline plays an important role in our life. _____

【总体思路】

本篇写作的体裁属于议论文。在英文部分已经明确给出两个问题，难度中上，属于常见话题之一。需要考生写出“日常生活中是如何做的，你为什么这样做”，具体问题如下：

1. 你为了自律曾经做过什么？

2. 自律给你带来了哪些好处？

【参考范文】

Self-discipline plays an important role in our life. It is a key to improve ourselves.

I wasn't a self-disciplined person in the past. I used to spend my free time playing computer games and I made efforts at the last moment before the final exam. As a result, I often failed in the exams. Gradually, I realized the importance of self-discipline and I started to make plans for my study.

There's been a noticeable improvement in my study after several months of self-discipline and perseverance. Not only have I improved my grades, but also I have

formed good habits. I have realized that becoming a self-disciplined person is likely to be the hardest thing we do, but it is also the most rewarding.

【参考范文分析】

本篇为议论文话题作文，主题为“自律”，考生需要从两个方面作答，第一个方面是介绍日常生活中你都做了什么？第二个方面是你为什么这样做？

首先，第一段要提出“自律”的主题，“Self-discipline plays an important role in our life. It is a key to improve ourselves.”

其次，第二段讲述了从不自律到自律的改变，“I wasn't a self-disciplined person in the past. I used to spend my free time playing computer games and I made efforts at the last moment before the final exam. As a result, I often failed in the exams. Gradually, I realized the importance of self-discipline and I started to make plans for my study.”

最后，第三段论述自律带来的好处，“There's been a noticeable improvement in my study after several months of self-discipline and perseverance. Not only have I improved my grades, but also I have formed good habits. I have realized that becoming a self-disciplined person is likely to be the hardest thing we do, but it is also the most rewarding.”