

2019 年北京市东城区初三一模英语试卷逐题解析

一、单项填空 (共 6 分, 每小题 0.5 分)

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. - Andy, is this bike _____?

- Yes, my parents bought it for me as a birthday gift.

A. his B. mine C. yours D. ours

【正确答案】 C

【解题思路】 本题考查物主代词。根据题干中“for me”可知, 自行车是“我的”, 在疑问句中提问时应转换人称, 变成“你的”。选项 A 为“他的”; 选项 B 为“我的”; 选项 C 为“你的, 你们的”; 选项 D 为“我们的”。故正确答案为选项 C。

2. My friend Jenny will arrive in Beijing _____ May 10.

A. at B. on C. from D. in

【正确答案】 B

【解题思路】 本题考查时间介词。根据题干中“May 10”可知时间为 5 月 10 日, 属于具体一天。选项 A 后边接具体点钟时刻; 选项 B 后边接具体某一天; 选项 C 后边接具体起始时间点; 选项 D 后边接年/月/季节等。故正确答案为选项 B。

3. Car racing is exciting, _____ it's very dangerous.

A. and B. or C. so D. but

【正确答案】 D

【解题思路】 本题考查连词。根据题干中“exciting”以及“dangerous”可知, 汽车比赛激动人心和危险为转折关系。选项 A 译为“和”, 表示并列关系; 选项 B 译为“或者”, 表示选择关系; 选项 C 译为“所以”, 表示因果关系; 选项 D 译为“但是”, 表示转折关系。故正确答案为选项 D。

4. - _____ is it from here to the shopping center?

- It's about ten minutes' walk.

A. How far B. How long C. How much D. How soon

【正确答案】 A

【解题思路】 本题考查特殊疑问词。根据题干中回答语“It's about ten minutes' walk”可知疑问句在询问距离。选项 A 询问距离; 选项 B 询问时间长短或物体长度; 选项 C

询问多少钱或不可数名词的数量；选项 D 询问多久之后。故正确答案为选项 A。

5. - Tom, which subject is _____ for you, physics or chemistry?

- Chemistry, I think.

A. easy B. easier C. easiest D. the easiest

【正确答案】 B

【解题思路】 本题考查形容词比较级。根据题干中“physics or chemistry”可知，在 2 者中选择，需要形容词比较级。选项 A 为形容词原级；选项 B 为形容词比较级；选项 C 为缺少 the 的形容词最高级；选项 D 为正确形式的形容词最高级。故正确答案为选项 B。

6. There are plenty of tomatoes in the fridge. You _____ buy any.

A. needn't B. mustn't C. wouldn't D. couldn't

【正确答案】 A

【解题思路】 本题考查情态动词。根据题干内容可知“冰箱里有很多西红柿”，确定“不需要”买。选项 A 为不需要；选项 B 为禁止；选项 C 为不会/不敢；选项 D 为不能。故正确答案为选项 A。

7. The students are very excited. They _____ on a school trip next Monday.

A. went B. have gone C. go D. will go

【正确答案】 D

【解题思路】 本题考查一般将来时。根据题干中“next Monday”确定是一般将来时。选项 A 为一般过去时；选项 B 为现在完成时；选项 C 为一般现在时；选项 D 为一般将来时。故正确答案为选项 D。

8. Jack _____ to play football when he was only five.

A. starts B. has started C. will start D. started

【正确答案】 D

【解题思路】 本题考查一般过去时。根据题干中“when he was only five”确定是一般过去时。选项 A 为一般现在时；选项 B 为现在完成时；选项 C 为一般将来时；选项 D 为一般过去时。故正确答案为选项 D。

9. When I saw Mary in the park, she _____ a kite.

A. flies B. was flying C. is flying D. flew

【正确答案】 B

Anna's Talent Show

It was very late, but Anna was still awake. She lay on her bed, thinking about the coming talent show tryouts (选拔赛).

As the organizer, she had thought the talent show would be exciting, but she had not been prepared for the _____ (13). For the past week, many students had been trying to convince (使.....信服) her of their talents and hoping to _____ (14) her decisions about who should be in the show.

Anna knew who really had talent, but some of them were her friends. If she chose them, some students might doubt whether her decisions were fair.

"I'll just tell everyone not to talk to me until after the talent show," she thought. "I'll explain that I have to remain neutral (中立的) and make sure the best acts are chosen. And everyone will _____ (15) me. Won't they?" With that thought she fell asleep.

As soon as Anna arrived at school the next morning, Josh rushed up to her. "I've been practicing on the guitar," he told her. "You'll love my new song!"

Anna smiled weakly. "Thanks, Josh," she said in a quiet voice and _____ (16) turned away.

Just then Patti came up and said, "I'm working on a new monologue. You'll love it!"

Anna sighed. She believed Patti, but if she included everyone, the whole school would be in the show.

Anna asked her closest friend, Margaret, for _____ (17). Margaret thought for a few moments. "Maybe you can find teachers to be the judges for the tryouts. But remember to keep their names secret so that students won't _____ (18) them."

"You've saved the day, Margaret. Thanks!" Anna took a deep breath and smiled. "That's the perfect _____ (19)."

Early the next day, Anna visited several teachers. They were all happy to help. Anna then spread the news that anonymous (匿名的) judges would decide the winners of the tryouts. Her worries were gone, and she felt _____ (20) again.

13. A. reports B. problems C. lessons D. performances

【正确答案】 B

【解题思路】 本题考查名词。根据前文提到“作为组织者，她已经想到才艺展示会非常令人兴奋，但是她没有为 _____ 做好准备。后文中也提到在过去几周，很多学生尽力说服她想被选中。”可知她遇到了问题。选项 A 译为“报道”；选项 B 译为“问题”；选项 C 译为“课程，教训”；选项 D 译为“表现，表演”。根据文章语境判断，故正确答案为选项 B。

14. A. know B. change C. influence D. follow

【正确答案】 C

【解题思路】 本题考查动词。根据本句译文“在过去几周，很多学生尽力说服她关于他们的才艺，并且希望 _____ 她的决定关于谁将会被选中参加展示。”可知她是组织者，还没有开始选谁的才艺最好，所以应该是学生想影响她的决定。选项 A 译为“知道，懂得”；选项 B 译为“改变”；选项 C 译为“影响”；选项 D 译为“跟随”。根据文章语境判断，故正确答案为选项 C。

15. A. surprise B. remember C. help D. understand

【正确答案】 D

【解题思路】 本题考查动词。根据本句句意“我将解释我会保持中立而且确保最好的表现才会被选中。这样的话每个人就会 _____ 我。”选项 A 译为“吃惊”；选项 B 译为“记得”；选项 C 译为“帮助”；选项 D 译为“理解”。根据文章语境判断，故正确答案为选项 D。

16. A. quickly B. happily C. hopefully D. carefully

【正确答案】 A

【解题思路】 本题考查副词。根据前文“Anna 第二天早上一到学校，Josh 就冲过来说自己一直在练习吉他，Anna 一定会喜欢他的新歌曲，本句译文“Anna 很小声地回答谢谢并且 _____ 转身离开”。可知 Anna 作为组织者，为了公平，不能让学生影响自己的决定，所以应该是很快地离开。也可以跟据“smile weakly”和“a quiet voice”的感情色彩判断这里不能为感情色彩向上的选项。选项 A 译为“快地”；选项 B 译为“高兴地”；选项 C 译为“充满希望地”；选项 D 译为“认真地”。根据文章语境判断，故正确答案为选项 A。

17. A. advice B. praise C. information D. agreement

【正确答案】 A

【解题思路】 本题考查名词。前文提到，Anna 为选择谁来表演很纠结；后文提到，好朋友 Margaret 让 Anna 去找老师作为选拔赛的评委，这是给 Anna 提建议。选项 A 译为“建议”；选项 B 译为“赞扬”；选项 C 译为“信息”；选项 D 译为“同意”。根据文章语境判断，故正确答案为选项 A。

18. A. support B. trouble C. criticize D. recognize

【正确答案】 B

【解题思路】 本题考查动词。前文提到，Margaret 让 Anna 一定要保密评委老师的名字这样学生们就不会去 _____ 他们。选项 A 译为“支持”；选项 B 译为“麻烦；使烦恼”；选项 C 译为“批评”；选项 D 译为“认出；识别”。根据文章语境判断，故正确答案为选项 B。

19. A. excuse B. competition C. solution D. explanation

【正确答案】 C

【解题思路】 本题考查名词。根据前文，Margaret 给了 Anna 建议让他寻求老师的帮助，Anna 笑着说：“这是非常完美的 _____。”Anna 遇到了问题，所以需要解决这个问题。选项 A 译为“借口”；选项 B 译为“比赛；竞赛”；选项 C 译为“解决方案”；选项 D 译为“解释”。根据文章语境判断，故正确答案为选项 C。

20. A. proud B. excited C. satisfied D. confident

【正确答案】 B

【解题思路】 本题考查形容词。根据前文中第二段：“作为组织者，她本来以为这个才艺表演会是令人兴奋的事。”但是遇到了选人的问题，后面问题解决，可以再次 _____。因为有 again，所指直接对应文章第二段的 exciting。选项 A 译为“自豪的”；选项 B 译为“兴奋的”；选项 C 译为“满意的；满足的”；选项 D 译为“自信的”。根据文章语境判断，故正确答案为选项 B。

阅读理解（共 36 分）

三、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。（共 26 分，每小题 2 分）

A

Grand Opening of The Book Nook

Saturday, June 8 10 A. M. to P. M.



You will not want to miss this celebration for the opening of a new neighborhood bookstore! Located at 2289 Main Street, The Book Nook is close to schools and many homes and businesses. Come and check out The Book Nook on Saturday!

Festivities will include:

- Free food and drinks
- Live music by local musicians
- One Book-of-the-Month Club membership giveaway

Wide Choice

The Book Nook has three floors packed with books of all kinds. If we do not have the book you are looking for, we can specially order it for you. You will have it in your hands in two days!

Book Events

The Book Nook will hold monthly book signings by different writers, giving you a chance to meet and speak with well-known writers. Do not miss the unforgettable experience of hearing famous writers read their own books aloud!

We also have summer reading programs for children of all ages. These programs are a great way to meet other children and share ideas about your favorite books.

The Book-of-the-Month Club

As a member of our Book-of-the-Month Club, you can choose one new book each month. The membership fee is \$120. That is a great price for 12 books a year!

So please join us on Saturday and learn about all that The Book Nook offers. You can come anytime between 10 A. M. and 10 P. M. — the celebration lasts all day long!

21. At the opening, The Book Nook will _____.

- A. offer free food and drinks
- B. give away free books
- C. invite children to play music
- D. provide free special orders

【正确答案】 A

【解题思路】 本题考查细节题。根据题目的信息 “At the opening, The Book Nook will _____.”。定位至文章第二段 “Festivities will include” 中第一条 “Free food and drinks”。故正确答案为选项 A。

22. At the monthly book signings, you can _____.

- A. read books aloud to famous writers
- B. meet and speak with famous writers
- C. hear famous writers read your favorite books
- D. talk about your favorite books with famous writers

【正确答案】 B

【解题思路】 本题考查细节题。根据题目的信息 “At the monthly book signings” 定位至文章第四段 Book Events 第一句，原文提到 “giving you a chance to meet and speak with well-known writers.”。故正确答案为选项 B。

23. The price of the Book-of-the-Month Club membership is _____.

- A. \$12 a year
- B. \$120 a year
- C. \$12 a month
- D. \$120 a month

【正确答案】 B

【解题思路】 本题考查细节题。根据题目中的信息 “The price of the Book-of-the-Month Club membership is _____.”，定位至文章倒数第二段第二句，“The membership fee is \$ 120. That is a great price for 12 books a year”。故正确答案为选项 B。

B

Talking Too Much

Peter is such a big talker. He drives David and Andy crazy! Peter thinks he is great at everything! What makes David and Andy even crazier is the fact that Peter IS good at everything! He always scores goals in soccer games. He won first place in the school speech competition. He always gets perfect marks on his tests. He can finish a math test first and get the best score in the class. How can one person be so good at so much?

However, Peter is not good at one thing. He is not good at being a good sport. No

matter what Peter does well, he makes sure everyone knows about it. He is also quick to make unkind comments about other kids' mistakes. David and Andy's one wish is that Peter learns to be humble.

Not many people tell Peter what a good job he does, or congratulate him on his achievements, because Peter has already talked about them to everyone too proudly. He does not give anyone a chance to learn about anything he has done. David and Andy wish Peter could be more like Jack.

Jack is the new kid in class this year. He does not talk much, but he is very good at many sports and is also super smart. It has taken the rest of the kids a while to learn about Jack and all his talents. Andy, David, and the other kids are happy to congratulate Jack when he scores a goal or gets a great score on a test. Jack just smiles and says thanks. He often makes a nice comment back to express thanks for someone's kindness, and he often praises others' efforts at sporting events or schoolwork. Andy and David have decided that they want to act more like Jack when they experience success. They wish Peter would learn from Jack, too.

24. What is Peter weak at?

- A. Giving a speech in public.
- B. Scoring goals in soccer games.
- C. Getting good marks on his tests.
- D. Accepting other people's mistakes.

【正确答案】 D

【解题思路】 本题考查细节题。根据题目的信息 “What is Peter weak at?”。定位至文章第二段第四句, “He is also quick to make unkind comments about other kids' mistakes”。 故正确答案为选项 D。

25. Not many people praise Peter because _____.

- A. he always shows himself off first
- B. people think he is an ordinary boy
- C. few people know his achievements

D. he doesn't do very well in anything

【正确答案】 A

【解题思路】 本题考查细节题。根据题目的信息 “Not many people praise Peter because _____.” 定位至文章第三段第一句结尾, “because Peter has already talked about them to everyone too proudly.”。故正确答案为选项 A。

26. Peter should learn from Jack because Jack is _____.

A. sporty

B. helpful

C. respectful

D. confident

【正确答案】 C

【解题思路】 本题考查细节题。根据题目中的信息 “Peter should learn from Jack because Jack is _____.”, 定位至文章最后一段第六句, “He often makes a nice comment back to express thanks for someone's kindness, and he often praises others' efforts at sporting events or school work.”。故正确答案为选项 C。

C

“Five more minutes” is the first thought of many people when their alarms ring in the morning. This first thought is usually followed by hitting the snooze button (小睡催醒按钮) and falling back asleep for a few more moments. Hitting the snooze button has become a habit for millions of people, but it is time to examine this habit and develop new habits for feeling more rested during the day.



Though hitting the snooze button allows people a few more minutes of sleep, it causes unhealthy sleep patterns (模式). Most people think if they are tired when they first wake up, they need more sleep. However, they are mistaken when they conclude that any sleep is good sleep. Sleeping is a process with different cycles. To feel fully rested, the body must go through all the sleep cycles. Falling back asleep after hitting the snooze button restarts the process, but when the alarm rings again several minutes later, the process is interrupted. The body has not gone through all the cycles, and this can cause the body to feel sleepy for the rest of the day. This

sleepiness can affect memory, the ability to make choices, and performance at work or school.

Sleepiness may also happen if the body's biological rhythm (规律) is interrupted. People normally fall asleep at night and wake up in the morning because their rhythms are operating naturally. The rhythms are affected by repeated use of the snooze button, which can cause feelings of sleepiness during the day and an inability to fall asleep at night.

Rather than depending on the snooze button, people need to consider developing different routines. The easiest choice is to put the alarm on the other side of the room. Having to go out of bed to turn it off decreases the possibility of hitting the snooze button. Another choice, if your routine allows it, is to just reset the alarm. Setting your alarm for 30 minutes later will make the whole sleep process longer instead of always restarting it. However, it must be stressed that getting up 30 minutes later in the morning is not an excuse to stay up 30 minutes later the night before.

Though a few extra minutes of sleep may seem to promise a better start to the day, hitting that snooze button creates an unhealthy sleep pattern.

27. The second paragraph is mainly about _____.

- A. what unhealthy sleep patterns most people have
- B. what people should do to feel fully rested in the day time
- C. why people feel like going back to sleep after first waking up
- D. why a few minutes of sleep after first waking up causes bad effects.

【正确答案】 D

【解题思路】 本题考查段落主旨题。第二段倒数第二句开始说道“.....这会导致身体在剩余的一天时间里感到困倦不堪。这种睡眠会影响记忆、做选择的能力和在工作与学校中的表现”。选项 A 和 B 都是“what”的问题，而第二段并没有回答“是什么”的问题。选项 C 译为“为什么人们在第一次醒来之后会想要再次回去睡觉”与第二段主旨不符，选项 D 译为“为什么在第一次醒来之后睡几分钟会有不好的影响”与第二段内容相符，故正确答案为选项 D。

28. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Hitting the snooze button helps people fall asleep at night.
- B. People wake up because their biological rhythms are interrupted.
- C. Getting up several minutes later helps people feel more energetic.
- D. Putting the alarm a bit far from the bed helps form healthy sleep habits.

【正确答案】 D

【解题思路】 本题考查推断题。选项 A 译为“按掉小睡催醒按钮帮助人们在晚上入睡”，这与第三段最后一句中的“反复使用小睡催醒按钮会导致白天困，晚上无法入睡”相矛盾。故排除选项 A。选项 B 译为“人们醒来因为他们的生物节奏被打断。”这与第三段第一句“如果身体的生物规律被打断，人们就有可能困”相矛盾，故排除选项 B。选项 C 译为“晚起几分钟使人们更有活力。”这与第四段最后一句话“然而，早上晚起 30 分钟会让人有压力...”不相符。故排除选项 C。选项 D 译为“把闹钟放的离床远一点可帮助形成健康的睡眠习惯。”这与第四段第二句中的“最简单的方式是把闹钟放在房间的另一边”相符，故正确答案为选项 D。

29. Which of the following would be the best title for the passage?

- A. Don't Wake Up Late!
- B. Don't Use Alarm Clocks!
- C. Don't Touch That Button!
- D. Don't Change Sleep Patterns!

【正确答案】 C

【解题思路】 本题考查主旨题。文章第一段从人们日常使用闹钟的小睡催眠按钮来多睡五分钟的现象引入。第二段提出观点，这是一个不健康的睡眠模式及其原因。第三段提出不断地使用小睡催眠按钮会导致白天犯困，晚上失眠的情况。第四段建议人们选择不同的常规睡眠习惯。可以把闹钟放的远一些，不要使用小睡催眠按钮。或者在闹钟响了之后重新设定闹钟，让闹钟在 30 分钟之后响铃。第五段重申了观点：使用小睡催眠按钮导致一个不健康的睡眠模式。选项 A 译为“不要醒晚了!”；选项 B 译为“不要使用闹钟!”；选项 C 译为“不要碰那个按钮!”；选项 D “不要改变睡眠模式! ”，只有选项 C 符合文章结构和主旨。故正确答案为选项 C。

D

I recently spent an evening trying to choose a cup on Amazon. Nearly an hour later, after having read countless reviews about dozens of kinds. I felt tired and

simply gave up. The next day, I happily bought the only kind the local store offered.

Too many choices make us tired and unhappy and lead to sometimes avoid making a decision. Researcher Berry Schwartz calls this “choice overload”, “As the number of options (可选择的事物) increases, the costs in time and effort of collecting the information needed to make a good choice also increase.” writes Schwartz. “The level of certainty people have about their choice decreases. And the possibility that they will regret their choice increases.”

Understanding how and why we make decisions can perhaps help us make better choices. We make poorer decisions when we are tired. The mind can only deal with so many options and make so many choices before it starts to lose energy. That's why buys like candy bars and magazines at the checkout (付款处) in the store can be hard to **resist**. We've used up all our good decision-making skills.

The same goes for our workday. Making lots of decisions not only tires us. it can put us in a bad mood. That's why it's important to make your most important decisions in the morning rather than at the end of a tiring day.

When we're tired, we often save our energy by making choices based on a single factor (因素) like price, rather than considering all the other factors that go into making the best decision. Another study out of Columbia University shows that this happens when people are given a lot of features (特点) to choose from when buying a car. After a while, people start asking for the common option rather than carefully weighing each decision.

This can also happen when faced with a decision in your creative work. Given endless options of which route to take, we sometimes end up going with the more usual path simply because it's the easier way to go. So it's important to put limits on your options, which can develop your creativity and help you make a better decision.

In other words, letting yourself have fewer options to choose from can help you arrive at a more creative answer.

30. According to Berry Schwartz, the more options people have, _____.

- A. the better choice they will make
- B. the more easily they will make a choice

- C. the happier they will feel to make a choice
D. the more likely they will regret their choice

【正确答案】 D

【解题思路】 本题考查细节题。题干问到“根据 Barry Schwartz，人们有越多的选择，_____”。选项 A 为“他们就会做出越好的选择”；选项 B 为“他们就更容易地做出选择”；选项 C 为“他们做选择就会感到更开心”；选项 D 为“他们越有可能后悔自己的选择”。根据文章第二段的最后一句话“The level of certainty people have about their choice decrease. And the possibility that they will regret their choice increases.”的句意可知，人们对自己选择的确定性水平下降。他们后悔自己选择的可能性也在增加。故正确答案为选项 D。

31. The word “**resist**” in Paragraph 3 probably means “_____”.

- A. explain B. avoid C. decide D. afford

【正确答案】 B

【解题思路】 本题考查猜词题。题干问到“resist 在第三段中是什么意思？”选项 A 译为：解释，说明；选项 B 译为：避免，躲避；选项 C 译为：决定；选项 D 译为：买得起，提供。根据题干提示回到第三段的单词所在句“That’s why buys like candy bars and magazines at the checkout in the store can be hard to resist. We’ve used up all our good decision-making skills.”，文段意思是“这就是为什么在商店收银台买糖果棒和杂志会让人难以_____的原因。我们已经用尽了所有好的决策技巧。”根据句意猜测，对比选项，故正确答案为选项 B。

32. When a person is tired from comparing many kinds of products. he is likely to _____.

- A. consider the price most
B. choose a more common kind
C. read more reviews from others
D. weigh all the factors very carefully

【正确答案】 B

【整体思路】 本题考查细节题，题目问“当一个人在对比不同种类的产品而感到厌烦时，很可能会_____。”可定位到第五自然段第一句话“When we’re tired, we often save our energy by making choices based on a single factors like price...”意思是当我

们挑选得累了的时候，最终决定要买哪个产品往往只基于某单一的因素，比如价格。再结合本段最后一句，“After a while, people start asking for the common option rather than carefully weighing each decision.”意思是过段时间之后，人们开始寻求一些最普遍的选择而不是去小心地权衡每一个决定。”故正确选项为选项 B 意思为“选择更加普遍的种类”。选项 A 译为“考虑价格最多”；选项 C 译为“从其他人那里获取更多的评价”；选项 D 意思是小心地权衡个方面因素”，故正确答案为选项 B。

33. The writer believes that_____.

- A. people are unwilling to spend energy making decisions
- B. people usually take the easiest way to save their energy
- C. limited choices can help people reach a creative decision
- D spending more time thinking helps make better decisions

【正确答案】 C

【整体思路】此题是主旨题，题目问作者认为_____，选项 A 意思是人们不愿意花费精力去做决定。该选项断章取义，这种情况发生在人们在挑选累了之后，但是这里没有加上这一条件，所以错误。选项 B 意思是人们经常采取最简单的方式去节省精力。该选项也是断章取义，需要加上人们在挑选累了之后这一条件。选项 C 意思是有限的选择可以帮助人们做出更有创造性的决定，这与原文最后一段“In other words, letting yourself have fewer options to choose from can help you arrive at a more creative answer.”意思一致。选项 D 意思是花更多时间去思考可以帮助我们做出更好的决定，这与原文最后一段意思相反。故正确答案为选项 C。

四、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。（共 10 分，每小题 2 分）

Can you remember a time when somebody was kind to you? Maybe a stranger allowed you to go in front of him in a queue. Or perhaps a friend helped you in a much deeper way. There are a million ways to offer kindness.

Why should we be kind?

Being kind is a win - win situation. It brings happiness to both the receiver and the doer of this kind action. Let's imagine you have a workmate who always does a very good job. How about taking a moment to mention this to him? Your workmate will be happy to receive some praise, and you will probably feel good about yourself for

having spread a little joy.

What are “random acts of kindness”?

Many organizations encourage people to do kind acts whenever and wherever possible. Their idea is that it doesn't take any plan to be kind, just a little bit of effort. Perhaps the strongest supporters of this idea are the Random Acts of Kindness (RAK) Foundation, who work with schools and companies to teach people kindness skills. They believe that kindness can be taught.

How can I be kind?

The RAK website suggests some ways to show kindness. Generally, they fall into three categories (类别). The first is interpersonal kindness, like donating old clothes to charity or writing a positive online comment about a restaurant. The second is environmental kindness, which could mean recycling or cleaning a local park. The third category is personal kindness, which means treating yourself kindly, such as taking a walk in nature or treating yourself to a big meal. By being kind to yourself, you will be kinder to the world around you.

What is World Kindness Day?

World Kindness Day takes place on 13 November. People in many countries celebrate this day by being kind and having lots of fun. One typical event is to use “kindness cards”. You hand a kindness card to somebody when you do a kind act for him. Then it is his turn to pass on the card by doing a kind act for another person.

Being kind has a sort of ripple (涟漪) effect. This means that one kind action leads to more and more. So don't wait for kindness to find you, go and start a new ripple!

34. Why is being kind a win - win situation?

【正确答案】 Because it brings happiness to both the receiver and the doer of this kind action.

【解题思路】 本题考查细节题。定位关键词 “win-win situation”，定位到第二段第一句，原文提到：“Being kind is a win-win situation.” 后一句提到：“It brings happiness to both the receiver and the doer of this kind action” 来解释为什么这是一个双赢。故

正确答案为 **Because it brings happiness to both the receiver and the doer of this kind action.**

35. What do many organizations encourage people to do?

【正确答案】 They encourage people to do kind acts whenever and wherever possible.

【解题思路】 本题考查细节题。定位关键词“organization encourage people to do”，定位到文章第三段第一句“Many organizations encourage people to do kind acts whenever and wherever possible”。故正确答案为 They encourage people to do kind acts whenever and wherever possible。

36. What does personal kindness mean?

【正确答案】 It means treating yourself kindly.

【解题思路】 本题考查细节题。定位关键词“personal kindness”，定位到文章第四段倒数第二句，原文提到“The third category is personal kindness”可知第三类别是“个人善良”，后一句解释了“which means treating yourself kindly”。故正确答案为 It means treating yourself kindly。

37. How does a person pass on a kindness card?

【正确答案】 He/ She passes on the card by doing a kind act for another person.

【解题思路】 本题考查细节题。定位关键词“kindness card”，定位到文章倒数第二段第二句。原文提到：“One typical event is to use ‘kindness card’”，之后说明了如何使用“善良卡”：“You hand a kindness card to somebody when you do a kind act for him”，译为“当你为其他人做了一件好事时，把这张“善良卡”传递给这个人”。故正确答案为 He/ She passes on the card by doing a kind act for another person。

38. What's the writer's purpose of writing this passage?

【正确答案】 To call on/encourage people to be kind.

【解题思路】 本题考查主旨题。整篇文章从论述“为什么要善良”，“什么是随机的

善举 “我们如何做好事”以及” 什么是世界善良日”， 告诉我们每一个小小的善举都能带给其他人巨大的影响， 来鼓励我们要做好事。原文最后一段指出 “don't wait for kindness to find you, go and start a new ripple”， 可知作者的目的是想鼓励号召大家做好事。故正确答案为 To call on/encourage people to be kind。

书面表达 (共 10 分)

五、文段表达 (10 分)

39. 从下面两个题目中任选一题，根据中文和英文提示，完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

题目①

假如你是李华，你们班打算去“希望之家(Hope House)”孤儿院做志愿服务，你打算邀请你们学校的留学生 Peter 参加这次活动。请你用英语给他写一封电子邮件，告诉他集合的时间和地点，你们将在孤儿院做什么，以及他可以做什么准备。

提示词语: gate, play, tell stories, gift

提示问题:

- When and where will you meet?
- What will you do there?
- What do you advise Peter to prepare for the activity?

Hello Peter,

How is it going?

I'm writing to invite you to take part in the volunteer activity at the Hope House.

I'm looking forward to your early reply.

Yours,

Li Hua

【总体思路】

本篇写作的体裁属于应用文中的邀请信，话题是邀请学校的交换生 Peter 参加孤儿院做志愿者活动。具体问题如下：

1. 你们什么时候、在哪里见面？
2. 你们在那将做些什么？
3. 你建议 Peter 准备些什么？

【参考范文】

Hello Peter,

How is it going?

I'm writing to invite you to take part in the volunteer activity at the Hope House. We'll meet at the school gate at eight o'clock this Sunday morning. We will play games with the children and tell them some interesting stories. We will also give them some gifts. Would you like to tell the children something about your hometown? You can prepare some photos and videos to show.

I'm sure we'll have an unforgettable time at the Hope House.

I'm looking forward to your early reply.

Yours,

Li Hua

【参考范文分析】

首先，第一个提示问题为“*When and where will you meet?*”，考生需要明确写出见面的时间和地点。“*We'll meet at the school gate at eight o'clock this Sunday morning.*”说明了见面的时间和地点，回答了第一个问题。第二个提示问题为“*What will you do there?*”，考生在志愿者活动中要做的事情。“*We will play games with the children and tell them some interesting stories.*”首先会和孩子们一起做游戏，给孩子们讲有趣的故事。“*We will also give them some gifts.*”同时，会给孩子们送礼物。以上内容，回答了第二个问题。第三个提示问题为“*What do you advise Peter to prepare for the activity?*”，考生需要写出建议 Peter 准备的东西。“*Would you like to tell the children something about your hometown?*”询问 Peter 是否愿意给孩子们讲一讲他家乡的故事。“*You can prepare some photos and video to show.*”提醒可以准备照片和录像给孩子们观看，回答了第三个问题。

题目②

常言道，“一分耕耘，一分收获”。这告诉我们凡事只有付出努力，才能取得成功。

假如你是李华，你校英文杂志正在开展以“付出与收获”为主题的征文活动。请你用英语写一篇短文投稿，谈谈你个人的一次经历：你付出了什么努力？取得了什么收获？有何感悟？

提示词语: weak, spend, progress, keep trying

提示问题:

- What did you do?
- What did you achieve?
- What did you learn from the experience?

It's believed that hard work can lead to success. _____

【总体思路】

本篇作文属于叙事类话题，需要考生写出付出努力的经历、取得什么收获、有何感悟。具体问题如下：

1. 你做了什么？
2. 你取得什么收获？
3. 从这个经历中学到了什么？

【参考范文】

It's believed that hard work can lead to success. Two years ago, I was very weak in English, so I decided to work hard at it. I started to take an active part in English class. I spent half an hour listening and reading English every day. I also tried to watch some English movies. Several months later, I did much better in English. I felt proud of my progress and I realized nothing is impossible if you keep trying hard.

【参考范文分析】

本篇作文需要考生主要从三个方面作答：“付出努力的经历”、“取得什么收获”以及“从这个经历中获得的感悟”。

开头已给出的句子 “*It's believed that hard work can lead to success.*” 为全文的总起句。考生落笔的第一句话点明时间及事情的起因：“Two years ago, I was very weak

in English, so I decided to work hard at it.”接着考生围绕参加英语俱乐部、每天花时间去听读英语、努力看英文电影三个方面描写努力的经历：“I started to take an active part in English class. I spent half an hour listening and reading English every day. I also tried to watch some English movies.”经过以上努力,最终取得好的结果:“Several months later, I did much better in English.”最后,谈谈从这个经历中获得的感悟:“I felt proud of my progress and I realized nothing is impossible if you keep trying hard.”

